

# INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT

# MIDDLE SECTION



### **ENRICHMENT WORKSHEET**

## SUBJECT: ENGLISH

**TOPIC: VOICES – ACTIVE AND PASSIVE** 

Class	VIIName:	_Roll No:	Date:	WORKSHEET NO. 13
١.	Rewrite the sentences in Passive vo	ice. (Simple I	Present )	
1.	He opens the door.			
2.	We set the table.			

- 3. She pays a lot of money.
- 4. I draw a picture.
- 5. They wear blue shoes.
- 6. They don't help you.
- 7. He doesn't open the book.
- 8. You do not write the letter.
- II. Rewrite the sentences in Passive Voice. (Simple Past)
- 1. He sang a song.
- 2. Somebody hit me.
- 3. We stopped the bus.

- 4. A thief stole my car.
- 5. They didn't let him go.
- 6. She won the prize.
- 7. They didn't make their beds.
- 8. I did not tell them.

# III. Each of the sentences given below is in the PASSIVE VOICE. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of each verb in brackets.

- 1. Tom was \_\_\_\_\_\_ many times to stop talking in class. (tell)
- 2. He was \_\_\_\_\_\_ by the movie. (disappoint)
- 3. He was \_\_\_\_\_\_by his brother to go to the beach. (convince)
- 4. The present was \_\_\_\_\_\_ to her by her colleague. (give)
- 5. The thief was \_\_\_\_\_ by the police. (catch)
- 6. 'Jitterbug Perfume' was \_\_\_\_\_\_ by Tom Robbins. (write)
- 7. A new shopping mall is going to be \_\_\_\_\_\_ in Pasadena. (build)
- 8. Many mistakes were \_\_\_\_\_ by the students. (make)
- 9. The meeting was \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the conference room. (hold)

#### IV. Fill in the gaps with the correct tenses. (Active or Passive Voice).

#### Hadrian's Wall.

In the year 122 A.D, the Roman Emperor Hadrian (visit)	his provinces in
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Britain. On his visit, the Roman soldiers (tell) \_\_\_\_\_\_ him that Pictish tribes

from Britain's north (attack) \_\_\_\_\_\_ them. So

Hadrian (give) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the order to build a protective wall across one of the

narrowest parts of the country. After 6 years of hard work, the

Wall (finish) \_\_\_\_\_\_ in 128 A.D. It (be) \_\_\_\_\_\_ 117

kilometers long and about 4 meters high. The wall	(guard) by 15,000	)				
Roman soldiers. Every 8 kilometers there (be)a large fort in which up to 1,00						
soldiers (find) shelt	ter. The					
soldiers (watch) over the frontier to the north and (check)						
the people. who(want)	to enter or leave Roman	1				
Britain. In order to pass through the Wall, people (must go) to one of						
the small forts that (serve)as gateways. Those forts (call)						
mile castles because the distance from one fort to						
another (be)one Roman mile (about 1,500 metres).						
Between the mile castles there (be)	two turrets from whic	:h				
the soldiers (guard)the	e wall. If the					
Wall (attack) by enemies, the soldiers at the						
turrets (run)to the nearest mile castle for help						
or (light)a fire that (can / see)	by the soldier	rs				
in the mile castle. In 383 A.D Hadrian's Wall (abandon) Toda						
Hadrian's Wall (be) the most popular tourist attraction in northern						
England. In 1987, it (become)	a UNESCO World Heritage Site.					

- V. Rewrite the following changing the active sentences to passive and passive sentences to active.
- 1. The thieves have been arrested by the police.
- 2. The marvellous performance delivered by the children enthralled us.
- 3. He has been invited to their party.
- 4. We have shipped your order.

- 5. The girl recited the poem beautifully.
- 6. The guests enjoyed the party.
- 7. The child impressed everyone with his polite manners.
- 8. A girl from Chennai won the first prize.
- 9. The readers like the latest book of the writer.
- 10. They are painting the walls.
- 11. The car has been fixed by the mechanic.
- 12. She accepted their invitation with pleasure.
- 13. The children were helping the teacher in displaying their projects.
- 14. Larissa will deliver the message today.
- 15. Fruits and vegetables are being bought by people.

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